# **Biomarkers and Past Oceans**

Katherine H. Freeman Dept. of Geosciences Penn State University







# Phytosteroids



Campesterol 24β-methylcholest-5-en-3β-ol



β-sitosterol 24β-ethylcholest-5-en-3β-ol

Stigmasterol 24β-ethylcholest-5,22*E*-dien-3β-ol

#### Marine carbon is produced by algae and cycled by grazers and microbes



Herndl and Reinthaler, 2013





Suspended marine organic matter creates its own microbial party



Alldredge et al., 1993 Kiørboe, T. & Jackson, 2001; Azam and Long, 2001 Hmelo, Mincer and Van Mooy, 2011

#planktonpoo

#### Sinking Organic Matter protected and ballasted by minerals, yet most is lost and what's left is increasingly unanalyzable



Lee, Wakeham and Arnosti, 2004

Armstrong et al., 2001



# Molecular trash: not reactive or rapidly transported



# Who eats the trash?

Why aren't we up to our elbows in it?



Dawson et al., 2013

#### Gammaproteobacteria related to Pseudomonas stutzeri



# Sometimes molecular trash is imported





Bernard and Joubès, 2012





# Imported molecular trash: Leaf waxes are in marine sediments... everywhere





Alkane Distributions



Freeman and Colarusso, 2001

Pagani, Freeman and Arthur, 2000

# Sometimes molecular trash is imported

#### Fulton et al., 2012







Microbiotic soils

# Sometimes molecular trash is imported

#### Fulton et al., 2012











Herbert, 2013



When did El Niño patterns start?

Zhang et al., 2014



Q

### Oldest alkenones?



Sediment age, million years

Brassell, 2014



Ο

### Alkenones record phytoplankton <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C



Pagani, 2014

#### Isotope Fractionation During Photosynthesis by Algae



$$\varepsilon_{p} = \varepsilon_{f} - f_{2} (\varepsilon_{f} - \varepsilon_{t}) \cong \delta_{a} - \delta_{f}$$
$$f_{2} = \phi_{2} / \phi_{1} \quad (\text{demand / supply})$$







## Alkenone Paleobarometry • CO<sub>2</sub> drop since the Eocene



Pagani et al., 1999; 2000; 2005, 2011

#### CO<sub>2</sub> Proxy Records

Alkenone carbon isotopes



Stomata density



Boron isotopes





## The Miocene Bump: Was CO<sub>2</sub> high in the middle Miocene?

0 Ma

30°

0°4

 $-30^{\circ}$ 







Shark Bay, Australia National Geographic

Biomarkers and past oceans:

- Resistant to transport and decay loss
- Indicate sources of organic matter
- Sometimes imported from land
- Proxies for temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, redox
- Microbial biogeochemistry